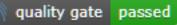
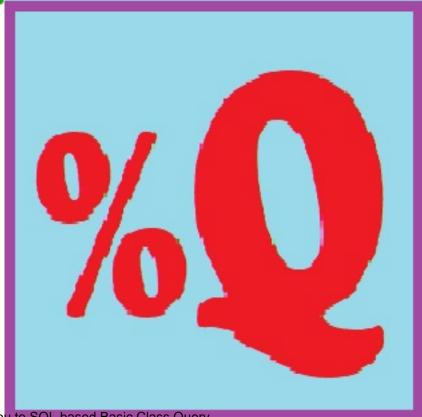
Article

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Tutorial - Working with %Query #2





My previous article introduced you to SQL based Basic Class Query where a clever wizard created all the required code for you and your essential contribution was an SQL statement.

Now we enter the real Custom Class Query that provides more freedom but requires a deeper understanding of the mechanic behind the scene. The full code example is again on GitHub

Some things haven't changed:

- · demo data are the same
- consumption of the query is also unchanged
- all handling of ODBC / JDBC protocol is still generated.

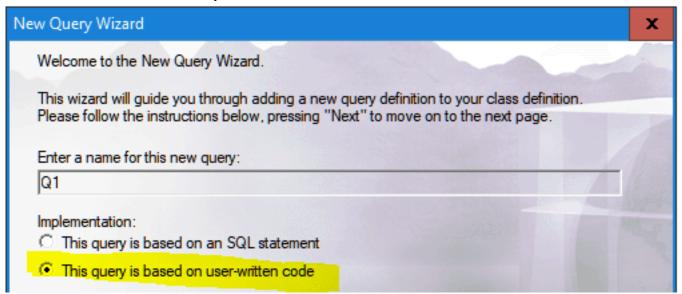
So what is different?

- You need a header QUERY statement to declare your input parameters but
 also the record layout for your output. ROWSPEC
- you have to provide an Execute method to initialize your query and consume your input parameters
- a Close method to clean up your environment
- and a Fetch method that does the Job.

- it is called row by row until you set AtEnd=1. (it is passed by reference)
- o and you return variable Row (also passed by reference) as \$LB() structure
- o so it is obvious that the resulting Row is shorter than MAXSTRING
- o and this is our challenge to present your stream

so we take our choice:

as before we use the Studio's Query Wizard

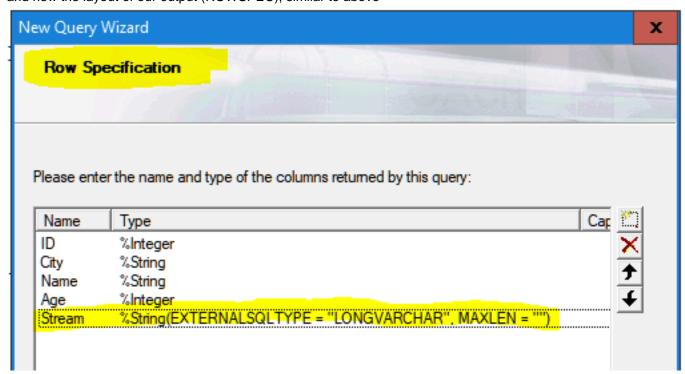


we have 3 parameters: idfrom (first ID), isto (last ID), maxtxt (maxim text from stream)

Please enter the name, type, and optional default value for any input parameters for this query:

#	Name	Туре	Default Value	***
1	idfrom	%Integer	1	X
2	idto	%Integer	0	
3	maxtxt	%Integer	25	7
				T

and new the layout of our output (ROWSPEC), similar to above



for our Stream, we need to overwrite %String defaults to match ODBC / JDBC

```
The type needs to be %String(EXTERNALSQLTYPE = "LONGVARCHAR", MAXLEN = "") This is the generated code framework:
```

```
Query Q1(
    idfrom As %Integer = 1,
    idto As %Integer = 0,
    maxtxt As %Integer = 25) As %Query
    (ROWSPEC = "ID:%Integer,City:%String,
                 Name:%String,Age:%Integer,
                 Stream: %String(EXTERNALSQLTYPE=""LONGVARCHAR"", MAXLEN = """")")
{
ClassMethod Q1Execute(
    ByRef qHandle As %Binary,
    idfrom As %Integer = 1,
    idto As %Integer = 0,
    maxtxt As %Integer = 25) As %Status
{
    Quit $$$OK
}
ClassMethod Q1Close(ByRef qHandle As %Binary) As %Status [ PlaceAfter = Q1Execute ]
{
    Quit $$$OK
}
ClassMethod Q1Fetch(
    ByRef qHandle As %Binary,
    ByRef Row As %List,
    ByRef AtEnd As %Integer = 0) As %Status [ PlaceAfter = Q1Execute ]
{
    Quit $$$OK
}
we still need to add CONTAINID=1 and [SqlName = Q1, SqlProc]
    • Query Q1() is the descriptor used by the interface support

    qHandle is the common data structure for all 3 methods

    whatever you pass along to the next row for processing needs to be stored there.

           o e.g. first ID, last ID, actual ID, ......
           o In past this was typically a subscripted variable or some oref
           · As a personal experiment, I tried a JSON object and it worked fine
    • The query takes 3 simple input parameters:
           • idfrom = first ID to show
           o idto = last ID to show - missing shos al higher IDs available

    maxtxt = maximum text from the beginning of the stream. Default = 25

      ClassMethod Q1Execute(
           ByRef qHandle As %Binary,
           idfrom As %Integer = 1,
           idto As %Integer = 0,
           maxtxt As %Integer = 25) As %Status
        set qHandle={}
        set qHandle.id=0
        set qHandle.idfrom=idfrom
        set qHandle.idto=idto
        set qHandle.obj=0
```

```
set qHandle.stream=0
set qHandle.maxtxt=maxtxt
Quit $$$OK
}
```

- Q1Fetch is the biggest working bloc
 - o I used object access in this example to keep it more readable
 - Accessing the Globals for Date and Stream directly was remarkably faster but really hard to read and to follow.
 - The more important point is that you can do whatever you like, not just collect or select data.
 - Many management routines use it to display Processes, actual Users, ... whatever can be presented as a table.
 - The point is to compose the \$LB() for Row and return it and once you are done,
 - Set AtEnd=1, and the query terminates.
 - In this example, the major challenge is to skip nonexisting objects and to skip no existing streams
 - o to avoid empty result lines.

```
/// that's where the music plays
 /// called for evey row delivered
 ClassMethod Q1Fetch(
  ByRef qHandle As %Binary,
  ByRef Row As %List,
  ByRef AtEnd As %Integer = 0) As %Status [ PlaceAfter = Q1Execute ]
   /// first access
   if qHandle.id<qHandle.idfrom set qHandle.id=qHandle.idfrom
   111
 nextrec
   if qHandle.idto,qHandle.idto<qHandle.id set AtEnd=1
   if gHandle.id>^rcc.TUD set AtEnd=1
   if AtEnd quit $$$OK
   if 'qHandle.obj {
     set obj=##class(rcc.TU).%OpenId(qHandle.id)
       ,qHandle.obj=obj
       ,qHandle.stream=0
   }
   if 'obj set qHandle.id=qHandle.id+1 goto nextrec
   if 'qHandle.stream set qHandle.stream=qHandle.obj.Stream
   set text=qHandle.stream.Read(qHandle.maxtxt)
   set Row=$1b
 (qHandle.id,qHandle.obj.City,qHandle.obj.Name,qHandle.obj.Age,text)
 /// row completed
   set qHandle.id=qHandle.id+1
   set qHandle.stream=0
   set qHandle.obj=0
   Quit $$$OK
 }
```

· and here is a short test

```
[SQL]USER>>call rcc.Q1(4,7)
8.
       call rcc.Q1(4,7)
Dumping result #1
       City
ID
              Name
                                Stream
                        Age
       Newton Evans
4
                        61
5
       Hialeah Zemaiti 47
                                Resellers of premise-base
6
                                Enabling individuals and
       Elmhurs Jenkins 29
```

```
7 Islip Drabek 61 Building shareholder valu

4 Rows(s) Affected
statement prepare time(s)/globals/lines/disk: 0.0003s/11/685/0ms
execute time(s)/globals/lines/disk: 0.0010s/18/2156/0ms
cached query class: %sqlcq.USER.cls59
```

Getting just the beginning of our stream is not always sufficient.

Follow me on to the <u>next chapter</u> for the extension of this example that will show and control more result lines.

Just a reminder:

All test data are generated using the System method %Populate So your output will be different. I suggest you run our tests also with other parameters than the shown examples to get the full power of this tool.

The full code example is again available on GitHub

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The Video is available now. See section Custom Class Query

For immediate access, you can use <u>Demo Server WebTerminal</u> and the related system Management Portal on <u>Demo Server SMP</u>

I hope you liked it so far and I can count on your votes.

#Other

Source URL: https://community.intersystems.com/post/tutorial-working-query-2