
Article

[Jon Willeke](#) · Sep 20, 2016 3m read

Using ODBC with PHP in OS X 10.9 (Mavericks)

In OS X 10.8 and earlier, PHP was built with ODBC support, making it easy to connect to a Caché database:

```
$ php -r 'phpinfo();' |grep 'ODBC Support'
ODBC Support => enabled
```

However, this support was removed in OS X 10.9:

```
$ php -r 'phpinfo();' |grep 'ODBC Support'
```

Some people use Homebrew, MacPorts, or Fink to get their tools back. If you're comfortable coloring a little outside the lines (i.e., using [sudo](#) and the command line), you can build the `odbc.so` or `pdo_odbc.so` extension (depending on which API you prefer), and use it with Apple's version of Apache and PHP. You'll need the following:

- C compiler
- iODBC headers
- GNU autoconf
- PHP source code

To get a C compiler, I installed the command line developer tools with a command like the following:

```
$ xcode-select --install
```

This opened a prompt that installed them to `/Library/Developer`. Alternatively, you can install Xcode from the Mac App Store.

OS X ships with the iODBC libraries in `/usr/lib`, but not the headers. I don't actually remember how I installed them, but I think I downloaded the source from iodbc.org, then copied the following header files to `/usr/local/include`:

- `sql.h`
- `sqlext.h`
- `sqltypes.h`
- `sqlucode.h`

The `phpize` utility used for building a PHP extension depends on GNU autoconf. I downloaded autconf 2.69 from a GNU mirror, then built and installed it to `/usr/local` using `configure` and `make` as follows:

```
$ ./configure && make && sudo make install
```

OS X 10.9 ships with PHP 5.4.45. Although you can download that version from a PHP mirror, I downloaded 5.6.26

to fix crashes in `pdo_odb`. I built `odbc.so` with the following commands in the PHP source directory:

```
$ cd ext/odbc
$ phpize
Configuring for:
PHP Api Version:      20100412
Zend Module Api No:   20100525
Zend Extension Api No: 220100525
$ CPPFLAGS=-DHAVE_ODBC ODBC_TYPE=iodbc ./configure --with-iodbc
...
config.status: creating config.h
$ make
...
Build complete.
```

The environment variables work around what appear to be broken sections of the configure script. At this point, I copied `modules/odbc.so` to `/usr/lib/php/extensions/no-debug-non-zts-20100525`. You can also `sudo make install`.

I built `pdo_odb`.so similarly:

```
$ cd ext/pdo_odbc
$ phpize
Configuring for:
PHP Api Version:      20100412
Zend Module Api No:   20100525
Zend Extension Api No: 220100525
$ ./configure --with-pdo-odbc=iODBC
...
config.status: creating config.h
$ make
...
Build complete.
```

With the extensions installed, I enabled them in `php.ini`. In the `/etc` directory, I renamed `php.ini.default` to `php.ini`, then added the following lines:

```
extension=pdo_odbc.so
extension=odbc.so
```

I had previously enabled the PHP module for Apache by editing `httpd.conf` in `/etc/apache2`. If you haven't already, uncomment this line:

```
LoadModule php5_module libexec/apache2/libphp5.so
```

Lastly, I restarted Apache:

```
$ sudo apachectl restart
```

Now I can develop with PHP and Caché locally on my Mac. Let me know if I've missed a step, or if something

works differently in later versions of OS X.

[#ODBC](#) [#Caché](#)

Source URL: <https://community.intersystems.com/post/using-odbc-php-os-x-109-mavericks>